Birth canal

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Parturition
Delivery  Labor
Birth
Calving  Foaling
Lambing  kidding
Farrowing
Whelping
Kittening

Premature birth

Abortion
Definition

Birth canal

The importance of studying birth canal
Bony birth canal

Structure
Os Coxae dorsal view

- Tuber coxae
- Ilium wing
- Ilium shaft
- Pectin of the pubis
- Acetabulum
- Obturator foramen
- Ischium
- Ischiatic tubercity
- Tuber sacral
- Psoas tubercle
- Pubis

- Pelvic symphysis
- Short ribs
- Sacral ligament
- Hooks
- Thurl
- Pins
- Tail-head ligament
Pelvic ligaments

Sacroiliac ligament

Sacrosciatic
Pelvic floor

Pelvic boundaries
Direction of the pelvic floor
Pelvic roof and lateral wall
Pelvic opening

Pelvic inlet (linea terminalis)
Pelvic outlet
Pelvic measurement

- Short ribs
- Sacral ligament
- Hooks
- Thurl
- Pins
- Tail-head ligament
Transverse diameter

Conjugata vera
Conjugata diagonalis:

The conjugata diagonalis:

The conjugata vera

Femur
Pectin verticalis
Pelvic axis
Widening of the bony birth canal

Arrangement of the females according to the idealism of the pelvis for easy birth

Mare, she-donkey, she-camel, bitch, queen, sow, goat, sheep, buffalo-cow and finally the cow.
Soft birth canal

Tail of cow
Vulva
Vagina
Pelvis
Cervix
Uterus
Soft birth canal

**Uterus**

Distribution of the pregnancy inside the uterus
Abdomen and abdominal wall
Cervix

Cow
- Uterine Body
- Internal Cervical Os
- Longitudinal Folds
- Annular rings
- External Cervical Os
- Vagina

Mare
- Uterine Body
- Internal Cervical Os
- Longitudinal Folds
- Annular rings
- External Cervical Os
- Vagina

Cow

Mare
Vagina
Vulva

Mare

Cow